### POST OAK SAVANNAH GROUNDWATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
DECEMBER 31, 2019

### ALTON D. THIELE, P. C.

Certified Public Accountant 312 E. Central Avenue P.O. Box 808 BELTON, TX 76513-0808

#### POST OAK SAVANNAH GROUNDWATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

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Certified Public Accountant 300 E. Ave C P.O. Box 808 BELTON, TX 76513-0808

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors
Post Oak Savannah Groundwater Conservation District
Milano, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of Post Oak Savannah Groundwater Conservation District (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other-Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 3 – 5), and budgetary comparison information (page 21), the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and Schedule of Employer Contributions (pages 23-24) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 11, 2020 on our consideration of Post Oak Savannah Groundwater Conservation District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

#### Prior Period Financial Statements

The audit of the financial statements of Post Oak Savannah Groundwater Conservation District as of December 31, 2018 is presented for comparative purposes and the Board approved audit report, dated April 19, 2019, expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements.

May 11, 2020

Belton, Texas

## POST OAK SAVANNAH GROUNDWATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

This section of the Post Oak Savannah Groundwater Conservation District ("District") annual financial report presents management's discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended on December 31, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements and related notes.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- \*\* The District's total net position was \$4,544,485
- \*\* Cash and investments had a net increase of \$744,253
- \*\* Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation increased \$27,671
- \*\* Liabilities had a net increase of \$150,148
- \*\* Deferred Inflows of Resources increased by \$186,757.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual financial report consists of two parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section) and the basic financial statements with related notes and required supplemental information. The district is a governmental entity and follows the accrual basis of accounting for a single purpose governmental entity. The District is not funded by property tax levies.

#### A. Fund financial statements:

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund of the District is classified as a proprietary fund.

#### B. Proprietary funds:

The District maintains one type of proprietary fund; an enterprise fund, considered to be its major fund, used to report business-type activities. The District uses this enterprise fund to account for its water transport, program services, and permit fees in the Proprietary Fund financial statements.

#### C. Notes to the financial statements:

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the proprietary fund financial statements.

## POST OAK SAVANNAH GROUNDWATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT

#### **Net Position - Proprietary Fund**

	Enterpri		
	2019	2018	Change
Current Assets	\$ 4,287,742	\$ 3,194,031	\$ 1,093,711
Capital Assets (net)	698,729	671,058	27,671
Other Non-current Assets	20,506	58,545	(38,039)
Deferred Outflows of resources	40,499	8,494	32,005
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 5,047,476	\$ 3,932,128	\$ 1,115,348
Liabilities	\$ 248,131	\$ 97,983	\$ 150,148
Deferred Inflows of Resources	254,860	68,103	186,757
Net Position	•		
Investment in Capital Assets	698,729	671,058	27,671
Unrestricted fund balance	3,845,756	3,094,984	750,772
Total Net Position	4,544,485	3,766,042	778,443
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,			
and Net Position	\$ 5,047,476	\$ 3,932,128	\$ 1,115,348

The balance of unrestricted net position, (85%) of the total net position, may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the respective entities within the District boundaries. At the end of the 2019 fiscal year, the District reports a favorable balance in the two categories of net position. Net position increased substantially due primarily to an increase in program and transport permit fees revenue.

#### Change in Net Position - Proprietary Fund

	Enterpr		
	2019	2018	Change
Operating Revenues			
Charges for programs, permits, and fees	\$ 2,695,388	\$ 2,329,020	\$ 366,368
Non-operating Revenues			
Investment earnings	47,468	21,860	25,608
Total Revenues	2,742,856	2,350,880	391,976
Operating Expenditures			
Expenditures from business-type activities	1,907,701	1,718,620	189,081
Depreciation	58,385	61,383	(2,998)
Non-operating expenditures			
Other expenses	328_	8,459	(8,131)
Total Expenditures	1,966,414	1,788,462	177,952
Other Income			
Gain (loss) on disposition of assets	-	(27,256)	27,256
Increase (decrease) in Unrestricted Net Position	776,442	535,162	241,280
Prior period adjustment	2,002	20	1,982
Net Position, beginning of the year	3,766,042	3,230,860	535,182
Net Position, end of the year	\$ 4,544,485	\$ 3,766,042	\$ 778,443

## POST OAK SAVANNAH GROUNDWATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT**

In 2003 the district purchased an office building in Milano, TX for cash. Then in 2015, the District sold the building to build a new one and the District continues to have no outstanding liens on any property. See Note 3 for more details regarding capital assets.

- \*\* Capital assets increased a net \$86,192
- \*\* Accumulated depreciation had a net increase of \$58,520
- \*\* Net change in capital assets is \$27,671

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET**

The District's budgeted expenditures for the fiscal year of 2020 are expected to be \$2,884,358 and funded by the collections of relevant fees assessed by the district for the production and transport of water within the District's boundaries.

#### **FUTURE EVENTS**

In 2006, the District started its conservation and assistance grant program. At December 31, 2019, the total balance to fund was \$ 1,723,644 (net of \$76,231 contractual forfeitures). (See Note 4, Contingent Liability) This does not include any possible grants awarded in 2020 that could be available in the future if funds are available and the Board of Directors choose to.

#### FINANCIAL CONTACT

The District's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, creditors, and regulatory agencies) with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the District's Management at 310 E. Avenue C., PO Box 92, Milano, TX 76556.

FINANCIAL SECTION

## POST OAK SAVANNAH GROUNDWATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

**DECEMBER 31, 2019** 

(with information as of December 31, 2018 presented for comparative purposes)

ASSETS	Enterprise Fund Water Programs & Transport Fund 2019	Enterprise Fund Water Programs & Transport Fund 2018	
CURRENT ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents Invested funds Accounts receivable Total Current Assets	\$ 1,572,848 2,308,063 406,831 4,287,742	\$ 1,860,718 1,275,940 57,373 3,194,031	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS  Capital Assets Land Field and monitoring equipment District vehicle(s) and related equipment Office equipment Buildings Total Capital Assets Less accumulated depreciation Total Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation) Net Pension Asset Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets	3,225 404,078 75,380 83,818 348,931 915,432 (216,703)  698,729 20,506 719,235 5,006,977	3,225 317,767 75,380 83,938 348,931 829,241 (158,183) 671,058 58,545 729,603 3,923,634	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension benefits Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	40,499 40,499	8,494 8,494	
LIABLITIES  Liabilities Current Accounts payable Payroll liabilities Total Current Liabilities Non-current Compensated absences Exempt well permit deposits Total Liabilities	211,836 24 211,860 8,786 27,485 248,131	57,734 10,405 68,139 8,459 21,385 97,983	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Transport and program fees Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	254,860 254,860	68,103 68,103	
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted net position  Total Net Position	698,729 3,845,756 \$ 4,544,485	671,058 3,094,984 \$ 3,766,042	

# POST OAK SAVANNAH GROUNDWATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

(with information as of December 31, 2018 presented for comparative purposes)

OPERATING REVENUES	Enterprise Fund Water Programs & Transport Fund 2019	Enterprise Fund Water Programs & Transport Fund 2018	
Program fees	\$ 523,595	\$ 387,726	
Transport permit fees	2,154,932	1,934,245	
Drilling permit fees	2,300	2,400	
Miscellaneous income	3,957	2,860	
Permit fees other	10,604	1,789	
Total Operating Revenues	2,695,388	2,329,020	
,			
OPERATING EXPENDITURES			
Conservation program expense	946,875	772,951	
Advertising	7,215	6,607	
Depreciation	58,640	61,383	
Dues	10,731	8,608	
Education and public relations	58,385	75,227	
Hydrologist and other associated expenses	287,281	275,536	
Vehicle expense	8,014	8,056	
Insurance - bond and liability	5,201	5,055	
Office supplies	17,931	19,596	
Salaries	327,845	311,794	
Payroll taxes and employee benefits	76,758	61,665	
Pension expense	15,964	8,155	
Postage and delivery	3,122	2,445	
Legal fees	77,297	99,561	
Other professional fees	22,523	22,315	
Building repairs	4,715	4,821	
Telephone	12,040	11,855	
Travel and entertainment	20,866	19,132	
Utilities	4,683	5,241	
Total Operating Expenditures	1,966,086	1,780,003	
Excess (deficit) of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenditures	729,302	549,017	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)			
Interest income	47,468	21,860	
Compensated absence expense	(328)	(8,459)	
Gain (Loss) on disposition of assets	(020)	(27,256)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenditures)	47,140	(13,855)	
Total Nonoperating Nevertues (Experionales)	47,140	(10,000)	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	776,442	535,162	
Prior period adjustment	2,002	20	
NET POSITION BEGINNING BALANCE	3,766,042	3,230,860	
NET POSITION ENDING BALANCE	\$ 4,544,485	\$ 3,766,042	

## POST OAK SAVANNAH GROUNDWATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

(with information as of December 31, 2018 presented for comparative purposes)

	Enterprise Fund Water Programs & Transport Fund 2019	Enterprise Fund Water Programs & Transport Fund 2018
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers Cash payments to employees	\$ 2,548,631 (1,390,221) (327,845)	\$ 2,329,020 (1,330,733) (311,793)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	830,565	686,494
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Investing Activities Cash provided from investments Cash used to acquire capital assets Retirement of capital assets	(1,032,123) (86,312) -	(1,250,504) (108,069) 27,255
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Investing Activities	(1,118,435)	(1,331,318)
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(287,870)	(644,824)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	1,860,718	2,505,542
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 1,572,848	\$ 1,860,718
Reconcilliation of operating income to net cash provided by or (used for) operating activities:  Change in net position  Adjustments to reconcile operating increase in net position to net cash provided by operating activites:	\$ 776,442	\$ 535,162
Depreciation expense Prior period adjustment	58,640 2,002	61,383 -
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in net pension asset (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources	(349,458) 38,039 (32,005)	161,139 (20,654) 20,216
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued payables Increase (decrease) in permit deposits	154,102 (10,381) _6,100	39,228 7,178 (1,100)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Total adjustments	186,757 327 54,123	(124,517) 8,459 151,332
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	830,565	686,494

#### Note 1 - Reporting Entity

Post Oak Savannah Groundwater Conservation District (the District) was formed April 20, 2001 by the 77th Legislature of the State of Texas with House Bill 1784, Article 3 Section 3.01, under Section 59, Article XVI of the Texas Constitution. Upon recodification by the 84th Texas Legislature, while the former is still true, enabling legislations is now (Texas Codes, Special District local laws code, Title 6, Subtitle H, Chapter 8865). A ten member Board of Directors appointed by the Burleson and Milam County Commissioners governs the District. Each Commissioners Court appoints five directors and must represent various interests in the counties served by the District. Among its duties, the Board of Directors approves the District's budget, approves grant contracts, sets rates for permits and fees, approves or denies any permit, and has other duties as addressed during Board Meetings.

The District is empowered, among other things, to purchase, construct, operate and maintain all works, improvements, facilities and monitoring stations necessary for the purpose of groundwater conservation with respect to the aquifers within the district boundaries. The District provides financial assistance in the form of grants (if funds are available) and educational resources to public and private entities for the purpose of promoting, managing, and educating regarding groundwater resources of the central Carrizo-Wilcox Aquifer area.

In evaluating how to define the District for reporting purposes, The Board of Directors of the District has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity, is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of the governing authority, the designation of management, and the significant ability to influence operations of accountability for fiscal matters. The other criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which were included as a component unit in the District's financial statements.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The District's basic financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing U.S. GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies, established by U.S. GAAP and used by the District, are discussed below.

In June 1999, the GASB unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments (the Statement). The District implements the Statement as applicable. Significant changes made by the Statement include:

A Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the District's overall financial position and changes in net position.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the District's activities, including capital assets and long-term liabilities.

#### A. Basic Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for in a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues and expenditures and changes in fund balances. The District's fund balances are reported as restricted and unrestricted. Fund balances that are restricted indicate a portion of the fund balance which is not available for expenditure or is legally segregated for a specific future use. The transactions of the District are accounted for in the following funds:

Proprietary fund – To account for all revenues and expenditures not required to be accounted for in other funds.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### B. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual. Accrual means that funds are both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Available means collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability incurred is measurable.

#### C. Accounts Receivable

Service accounts receivable as reported are considered collectable. The District uses the direct write off method for uncollectible accounts. Unbilled fee and permit revenues are not material and are not recorded at vear end.

#### D. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, and immovable public domain or "infrastructure" assets, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial cost of more than \$500 (including installation costs, if any, and associated professional fees) and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated cost if donated to or constructed by the District. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or increase the value of an asset, are capitalized. Costs for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation, on capital assets, is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Vehicles Office and field equipment

5 years 3-10 years

Buildings, improvements, and

monitoring equipment

5-40 years

#### E. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditures) until then. The District currently reports information pertaining to relevant disclosures of the defined benefit pension plan as required by the implementation of GASB 68 in this category and also certain prepaid expenses.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category; transport fees and program fees. There was a material amount of these fees deferred and was recognized as deferred inflow of resources from the period the amount is collected and remitted to the District.

#### F. Equity Classifications

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is shown as net position and classified into three components; Net Investment in Capital Assets, Restricted, and Unrestricted. The District uses two of these classifications.

- 1. Net Investment in Capital Assets Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding debt that poses an encumbrance.
- Unrestricted All other assets that do not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The District can also report portions of the proprietary fund balance as unassigned if not reported as:

- 1. Non-spendable Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form or, legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- 2. Restricted Amounts with restrictions imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes and imposed by formal action of the board of directors.
- 4. Assigned Amounts informally constrained by District management but not formally reserved by the board of directors.

#### G. Risks, uncertainties, and use of estimates

The preparation of government-wide financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Note 3 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

Business-type activities	Balance January 1, <u>2019</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance December 31, <u>2019</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>d:</u>			
Land Total not depreciated	\$ 3,225 3,225	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 3,225 3,225
Capital assets, to be depreciated:	•			
Buildings and Improvements Office Equipment District Vehicles Monitoring Equipment	348,931 83,938 75,380 317,767	- - - <u>86,311</u>	(120) - -	348,931 83,818 75,380 404,078
Investment in Capital assets to be depreciated	<u>826,016</u>	<u>86,311</u>	(120)	912,207
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements Office Equipment District Vehicles Monitoring Equipment	(20,498) (48,645) (26,263) (62,777)	(10,650) (9,769) (15,076) <u>(23,145)</u>	120	(31,148) (58,294) (41,339) (85,922)
Total accumulated depreciation	(158,183)	(58,640)	120	(216,703)
Total capital assets depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	667,833	<u>27,671</u>		695,504
Business-type activities Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>\$ 671,058</u>	<u>\$ 27,671</u>	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$ 698,729</u>

Note 3 - Capital Assets (continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Balance January 1, <u>2018</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance December 31, <u>2018</u>
Business-type activities <u>Capital assets, not being depreciate</u> Land	\$ 3,22 <u>5</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 3,225</u>
Total not depreciated	3,225			<del>_</del>
Capital assets, to be depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements Office Equipment District Vehicles GIS Software	348,931 80,696 75,380 44,200	3,783 - -	\$ - (541) - (44,200)	\$ 348,931 83,938 75,380
Monitoring Equipment	<u>214,133</u>	<u>104,287</u>	(653)	<u>317,767</u>
Investment in Capital assets to be depreciated  Less accumulated depreciation:	<u>763,340</u>	<u>108,070</u>	<u>(45,394)</u>	<u>826,016</u>
Buildings and Improvements Office Equipment District Vehicles GIS Software Monitoring Equipment	(9,847) (38,169) (11,187) (8,103) (47,631)	(10,651) (11,017) (15,076) (8,840) (15,799)	541 - 16,943 653	(20,498) (48,645) (26,263) - (62,777)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(114,937)</u>	<u>(61,383)</u>	18,137	<u>(158,183)</u>
Total capital assets depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>648,403</u>	<u>46,687</u>	(27,257)	667,833
Business-type activities Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>\$ 651,628</u>	<u>\$ 46,687</u>	<u>\$(27,257)</u>	<u>\$ 671,058</u>

#### Note 4 - Long-Term Liabilities and Contingent Liabilities

The District has no long-term debt for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

#### Contingent Liabilities

The District is obligated to fund remaining water conservation grant distributions, net of forfeitures, as follows:

Water Conservation Grants	
2018 Grant Awards Still to Fund	\$842,339
2018 Forfeitures	(76,231)
2019 Grant Awards Still to Fund	957,539
2019 Forfeitures	
Remaining Balance to Fund (net)	\$1,723,646

This contingent liability is dependent on available funding and approval by the board of directors. The above table reflects committed funds awaiting distribution when appropriate documentation is submitted by the grantees. There are three other grant programs that are considered encumbered in the budget but were not considered obligated at fiscal year end.

#### Note 5 - Cash Deposits and Investments with Financial Institutions

The District's cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2019 were fully covered by federal depository insurance or pledged securities. The Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company (TexPool) investments were not covered by federal depository insurance or pledged securities. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, the District reports all investments at fair value.

The District's cash, cash equivalents, and temporary investments at December 31, 2019 are shown below.

	Proprietary Fund			
	2019	2018	\$ Change	
Citizen's National Bank				
Cash				
Operating Account	\$ 10,463	\$ 7,254	\$ 3,209	
Petty Cash (on hand)	100	100		
	10,563	7,354	3,209	
Cash Equivalents			-	
Money Market Account	1,514,355	1,832,324	(317,969)	
ACP Account	20,790	-	20,790	
Well Account	27,140	21,040	6,100	
	1,562,285	1,853,364	(291,079)	
Investment in:				
TexPool	1,031,606	25,940	1,005,666	
Certificate of Deposit	1,276,457	1,250,000	26,457_	
	2,308,063	1,275,940	1,032,123	
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Invested	\$ 3,880,911	\$ 3,136,658	\$ 744,253	
		*****		

**Fair value measurement:** Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value accounting requires characterization of the inputs used to measure fair value into a three-level fair value hierarchy as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. An active market is a market in which transactions occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Level 2 – Observable inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent from the entity. Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that reflect the entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available.

The market value for the above listed accounts is not materially different from the carrying value of the accounts and all are considered to be valued at Level1.

#### A. Policies Governing Deposits and Investments

The District has implemented an investment policy and is authorized, according to the *Public Funds Investment Act* (PFIA) (Government Code Chapter 2256), to invest any and all of its funds in certificates of deposit, direct debt securities of the United States of America or the State of Texas, fully collateralized repurchase agreements, certain types of commercial paper, certain types of municipal bonds and local government investment pools created under the *Interlocal Cooperation Act*, wherein all funds were invested as listed above.

In compliance with the PFIA, the District has adopted a deposit and investment policy to address the following risks:

1. Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District was not exposed to custodial credit risk, since its deposits at year-end and during the year ended December 31, 2019 were covered by depository insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

#### Note 5 - Cash Deposits and Investments with Financial Institutions (continued)

2. Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments are subject to custodial credit risk only if they are evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Thus, positions in external investment pools are not subject to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

#### Note 6 - Employee Benefits

#### A. Annual Leave

Annual leave (vacation) is a benefit provided to eligible, full-time, employees of the District. A full-time employee is one who is regularly scheduled to work forty hours per week. Annual leave is awarded at five business days (40 hours) after six months of employment and cannot be taken until the employee has reached the six month probationary period. An additional five business days (40 hours) is awarded after continuous employment of one year based on the hire date of the employee. The award maximum is fifteen business days (120 hours) for an employee after five years of continuous service. An employee may not carry-over annual leave to the next available period. Remaining leave is paid if unused before their anniversary date or upon termination. Compensated absences accrual at fiscal year-end was \$ 8,786 and reported as a liability in these financial statements.

#### B. Sick Leave

A full-time employee, as previously defined, is entitled to six business days (48 hours) per calendar year. Accrual of sick leave is at one-half day (4 hours) per month and cannot be used until after six months of continuous employment. No sick leave may be accumulated beyond six days (48 hours) in a calendar year and upon separation from employment, no unused sick leave will be paid. Unused sick leave at fiscal yearend was not material to these financial statements.

#### C. Retirement Plan

#### Plan Description

The District provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a cash balance-account type defined benefit pension plan (401(a)) in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The TCDRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the administration of a statewide, agent multiple-employer, and public employee retirement system consisting of over 600 cash balance-like defined benefit pension plans. Each of the participating entities has an annual, individual actuarial valuation performed. All assumptions for the valuations are contained in the relevant TCDRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), a current copy of which may be obtained by writing to TCDRS, PO Box 2034, Austin, TX 78768-2034 or by visiting their website www.tcdrs.org.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas State statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 10 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 80 or more. Members are vested after 5 years but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the employee's personal account balance and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the expected benefits can be adequately financed by the District's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's personal account balance, and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using the actuarial equivalent as prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

The District will match the employee contribution of 7% of their salaries up to 3.10%, increased from the 2.91% previously contributed upon recommendation of TCDRS. As of the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the District match was \$9,931 and \$8,592, respectively.

#### Note 6 - Employee Benefits (continued)

#### Funding Policy

The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the required minimum contribution rate of the employer will be actuarially determined annually. It was 3.10% for the calendar year 2019. The contribution rate payable by the employee members is the rate of 7.00% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. The employee contribution rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

#### Net Pension Liability / (Asset)

Net Pension Liability / (Asset)	December 31, 2018	<u>December 31, 2017</u>
Total pension liability	\$415,778	\$355,300
Fiduciary net position	436,285	413,844
Net pension liability / (asset)	(20,506)	(58,545)
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension	liability 104.93%	116.48%
Pensionable covered payroll (1)	\$295,262	\$258,738
Net pension liability as a % of covered payrol	l (6.95%)	(22.63%)

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below.

Note: Rounding differences may exist above or in other tables in this report.

(1) Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

#### Changes in Net Pension Liability / (Asset)

Changes in Net Pension	Tot	al Pension	F	iduciary	٨	let Pension
Liability / (Asset)		Liability	Ne	et Position	Lial	bility / (Asset)
		(a)		(b)		(a) (b)
Balances as of December 31, 2017	\$	355,300	\$	413,844	\$	(58,545)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		29,802		-		29,802
Interest on total pension liability <sup>(1)</sup>		31,193		-		31,193
Effect of plan changes <sup>(2)</sup>		-		-		-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		(517)		-		(517)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		-		-		-
Refund of contributions		-		<b>-</b> .		
Benefit payments		-		-		-
Administrative expenses		•		(350)		350
Member contributions		-		20,668		(20,668)
Net investment income		-		(7,383)		7,383
Employer contributions		•		8,592		(8,592)
Other <sup>(3)</sup>		-		913		(913)
Balances as of December 31, 2018	\$	415,778	\$	436,285	\$	(20,506)

(columns may not foot due to rounding)

- (1) Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.
- (2) No plan changes valued.
- (3) Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

#### Note 6 - Employee Benefits (continued)

#### C Retirement Plan (continued)

#### Discount Rate

	<u> 2018</u>	<u> 2017</u>
Discount rate(2)	8.10%	8.10%
Long-term expected rate of return, net of	8.10%	8.10%
investment expense(2)		
Municipal bond rate <sup>(3)</sup>	Does not apply	Does not apply

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> This rate reflects the long-term rate of return funding valuation assumption of 8.00%, plus 0.10% adjustment to be gross of administrative expenses as required by GASB 68.

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the county/district, calculated using the discount rate of 8.10%, as well as what the Post Oak Savannah Groundwater Conservation District net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.10%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.10%) than the current rate.

		Current		
	1%	1%		
	Decrease	Rate	Increase	
	7.10%	8.10%	9.10%	
Total pension liability	\$ 470,724	\$ 415,778	\$ 369,062	
Fiduciary net position	436,285	436,285	436,285	
Net pension liability / (asset)	\$ 34,439	\$ (20,506) \$ (67,2)		

<sup>(3)</sup> The plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active, inactive, and retired members. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return, and the municipal bond rate does not apply. See page 6 of the TCDRS report for further details.

#### Note 6 - Employee Benefits (continued)

#### C Retirement Plan (continued)

#### Long Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2018 information for a 10-year time horizon.

Note that the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2017. See Milliman's TCDRS Investigation of Experience report for the period January 1, 2013 – December 31, 2016 for more details.

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation <sup>(1)</sup>	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected Minus Inflation) <sup>(2)</sup>
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	10.50%	5.40%
·	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity &		
Private Equity	Venture Capital Index <sup>(3)</sup>	18.00%	8.40%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	5.70%
International Equities - Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net)	10.00%	5.40%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	7.00%	5.90%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	1.60%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	12.00%	4.39%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	11.00%	7.95%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index <sup>(4)</sup>	2.00%	7.20%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S & P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	4.15%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	3.00%	5.35%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index <sup>(5)</sup>	6.00%	6.30%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds		
	Composite Index	13.00%	3.90%
		100.00%	5.51% av

<sup>(1)</sup> Target asset allocation adopted at the April 2019 TCDRS Board meeting.

<sup>(2)</sup> Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation of 1.70%, per Cliffwater's 2019 capital market assumptions.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

<sup>(5)</sup> Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

#### Note 6 - Employee Benefits (continued)

#### C Retirement Plan (continued)

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of December 31, 2018 (measurement year), the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows Of Resources	Deferred Outflows Of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$1,163	\$2,861
Changes of assumptions	-	1,794
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	-	27,076
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date <sup>(3)</sup>		9,931
	1,163	41,662
Net of Deferred Inflows to Deferred Outflows		\$40,499
Net of Deferred Inflows to Deferred Outflows		\$40,499

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	2019	\$ 10,135
	2020	5,146
	2021	4,515
	2022	8,796
	2023	379
	Thereafter(4)	1 597

<sup>(3)</sup> Any eligible employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date through the employer's fiscal year end should be reflected as outlined in Appendix D of the TCDRS GASB 68 report.

#### Pension Expense / (Income)

Pension Expense / (Income)	January 1, 2018 to <u>December 31, 2018</u>
Service Cost	\$ 29,802
Interest on total pension liability <sup>(1)</sup>	31,193
Effect of plan changes	-
Administrative expenses	350
Member contributions	(20,668)
Expected investment return net of investment expenses	(34,706)
Recognition of deferred inflows/outflows of resources	
Recognition of economic/demographic gains or losses	161
Recognition of assumption changes or inputs	218
Recognition of investment gains or losses	10,527
Other <sup>(2)</sup>	<u>(913)</u>
Pension Expense / (Income)	<u>\$ 15,964</u>

<sup>(1)</sup> Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(4)</sup> Total remaining balance to be recognized in future years, if any. Note that additional future deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.

<sup>(2)</sup> Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

#### Note 6 - Employee Benefits (continued)

C Retirement Plan (continued)

Schedule of Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

		Original	Amount Recognized	Balance of Deferred	Balance of Deferred
Original	Date	Recognition	for 2018	Inflows	Outflows
Amount	Established	Period <sup>(1)</sup>	Expense(1)	12/31/2018	12/31/2018
(a)	(b)	(c)	(a) ÷ (c)		
Investment (gains) or I	osses				
\$ 42,089	12/31/2018	5.0	\$ 8,418	\$ -	\$ 33,671
(21,410)	12/31/2017	5.0	(4,282)	12,846	-
3,159	12/31/2016	5.0	632	-	1,263
24,936	12/31/2015	5.0	4,987	-	4,988
3,860	12/31/2014	5.0	772	-	-
Economic/ demograph	ic (gains) or losse	\$			
(517)	12/31/2018	9.0	(57)	460	-
2,007	12/31/2017	14.0	143	-	1,721
(855)	12/31/2016	11.0	(78)	622	-
(122)	12/31/2015	12.0	(10)	81	-
1,955	12/31/2014	12.0	163	-	1,140
Assumption changes of	or inputs		4		
-	12/31/2018	9.0	-	-	-
203	12/31/2017	14.0	15	-	174
•	12/31/2016	11.0	-	<b>-</b> .	-
2,431	12/31/2015	12.0	203	•	1,620
-	12/31/2014	12.0	-	-	-
Employer contributions	s made subsequen	t to measurement	date <sup>(2)</sup>		
, ,	12/31/2019				9,931
Total	~		\$ 10,906	\$ 14,009 (*	) \$ 54,508
Net Deferred Outflows				\$40,	499

<sup>(1)</sup> Investment (gains)/losses are recognized in pension expense over a period of five years; economic/demographic (gains)/losses and assumption changes or inputs are recognized over the average remaining service life for all active, inactive, and retired members.

#### Note 7 – Prior Period Adjustment

A prior period adjustment of \$2,002 was required to reconcile beginning balances with the prior year financial statements. Its effect was to increase net position by the adjustment amount.

#### Note 8 - Economic Dependence

Permit Fees and Program Fees make up 98% of all revenue for the District. Two entities make up 97% of the Permit Fees and three entities make up 89% of Program Fees. Of these five entities, two entities are the same in each category and comprise 95% of all revenue with one of them at 69%. These entities are under contract for these fees as outlined in the District fee schedule.

#### Note 9 - Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through May 11, 2020; the date the financial statements were available to be issued. As a result of this evaluation, there were no events that warrant a change to the financial statements for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2019.

<sup>(2)</sup> Any eligible employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date through the employer's fiscal year end should be reflected as deferred outflows as outlined in Appendix D of the TCDRS GASB 68 Report.

<sup>(\*)</sup> balances may not agree due to rounding issues in the TCDRS report

## REQUIRED COMPLIANCE AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### ALTON D. THIELE, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 300 E. AVENUE C P.O. BOX 808 BELTON, TX 76513-0808

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Post Oak Savannah Groundwater Conservation District Milano, TX

We have audited, in accordance with, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of Post Oak Savannah Groundwater Conservation District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 11, 2020.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designated identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we believe to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Belton, Texas

May 11, 2020

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## POST OAK SAVANNAH GROUNDWATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES-BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

					Variance
	Adpoted Budget	Amendments	Final Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
<u>REVENUES</u>	\$ 2,868,782	\$ -	\$ 2,868,782	\$ 2,742,528	\$ (126,254)
EXPENDITURES					
Advertising	7,000	1,000	8,000	7,215	785
Depreciation	• •	-	′•	58,640	(58,640)
Education and public relations	85,000	(15,000)	70,000	58,385	11,615
GMA 12	75,000	-	75,000	82,448	(7,448)
GMA 8	5,000	(4,000)	1,000	1,383	(383)
Hydrologist	50,000	50,000	100,000	102,173	(2,173)
Advanced aquifer improvements	75,000	10,000	85,000	70,023	14,977
Miscellaneous tools and equipment	10,000	(2,500)	7,500	1,030	6,470
Automobile expense	10,000	-	10,000	8,014	1,986
Dues and subscriptions	10,000	-	10,000	10,731	(731)
Insurance	54,000	-	54,000	56,690	(2,690)
Miscellaneous	500	-	500	-	500 <sub>√.</sub>
Postage and delivery	5,000	(1,000)	4,000	3,122	878
Professional fees	153,700	(53,700)	100,000	99,820	180
Repairs and remodel	10,000	(5,000)	5,000	3,684	1,316
Telephone	10,000	2,000	12,000	12,040	(40)
Travel and entertainment	18,000	-	18,000	20,866	(2,866)
Utilities	8,000	(2,000)	6,000	4,683	1,317
Office supplies	16,000	2,000	18,000	17,931	. 69
Payroll expenses	428,204	-	428,204	369,078	59,126
Loss on disposition of assets	-	-	-	-	-
Conservation grant	1,050,000	-	1,050,000	473,251	576,749
Rainwater harvesting grant	75,000	-	75,000	36,452	38,548
Well assistance grant	75,000	-	75,000	31,255	43,745
Monitoring and other programs expense	150,000	-	150,000	(1) 80,373	69,627
Aquifer Conservancy Program	500,000	-	500,000	356,799	143,201
• •	2,880,404	(18,200)	2,862,204	1,966,086	896,118
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures					
(from operations)	\$ (11,622)	\$ 18,200	\$ 6,578	\$ 776,442	\$ 769,864
(for additional budgetary analysis)					
Capital Expenditures:					
Monitoring equipment			-	(1) 86,312	(86,312)
Office Equipment	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	_	(1) 00,012	(00,012)
Total Capital Ependitures		<u>-</u>		86,312	(86,312)
rotal Capital Eperiolities		<del></del>		00,312	(00,012)

<sup>(1)</sup> Capital Expenditures for the Monitoring Equipment impact on budget

## POST OAK SAVANNAH GROUNDWATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND ENCUMBERED BUDGET ITEMS PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Beginning Balance	Change	Final	Outstanding Grants	
Contingent Liability: Outstanding conservation grant awards Forfeitures Total Contingent Liability (net of forfeitu	1,254,150 - ures)	545,727 (76,231)	1,799,877 (76,231)	1,799,877 (76,231) 1,723,646	
Encumberances:	Adpoted Budget	Amendments	Final Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable) Varlance
EXPENDITURES  Conservation grant  Well assistance grant	1,050,000 75,000	-	1,050,000 75,000	473,251 31,255	576,749 43,745

150,000

500,000

1,775,000

Monitoring and other programs expense

Aquifer Conservancy Program

150,000

500,000

1,775,000

69,627

143,201

833,322

80,373

356,799

941,678

## POST OAK SAVANNAH GROUNDWATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN

For the Fical Year Ended December 31, 2019

	2018	December 31 <b>2015</b>	2014		
Total pension liability		2017	2016		
Service cost Interest (on the Total Pension Liability) Effect of plan changes Effect of assumption changes or inputs Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	\$ 29,802 31,193 - - (517)	\$ 25,766 26,457 - 203 2,007	\$ 26,716 21,588 - - (855)	\$ 25,104 18,110 (4,278) 2,431 (122)	\$ 22,827 14,880 - - 1,955
contributions Net Change in Pension Liability	60,478	54,433	47,449	41,245	39,662
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	355,300	300,867	253,418	212,173	172,511
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 415,778	\$ 355,300	\$ 300,867	\$ 253,418	\$ 212,173
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - Employer Contributions - Employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	\$ 8,592 20,668 (7,383)	\$ 7,064 18,112 49,852	\$ 15,140 16,305 21,166	\$ 15,086 16,247 (2,818)	\$ 13,978 15,054 14,632
contributions Administrative expense Other Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(350) 913 22,440	(275) 335 75,087	(230) 2,688 55,069	(196) (23) 28,296	(181) (13) 43,470
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	413,844	338,758	283,689	255,393	211,923
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b) Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	\$ 436,283 \$ (20,506) 104.93%	\$ 413,844 \$ (58,545) 116.48%	\$ 338,758 <b>\$ (37,891)</b> 112.59%	\$ 283,689 \$ (30,271) 111.95%	\$ 255,393 \$ (43,220) 120.37%
Covered Employee Payroll Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 295,262 (6.95%)	\$ 258,738 (22.63%)	\$ 232,926 (16.27%)	\$ 232,101 (13.04%)	\$ 215,051 (20.10%)

#### Notes to Schedule:

As accumulated data is available, ten year history will be disclosed.

## POST OAK SAVANNAH GROUNDWATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS-EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN Year Ended December 31, 2019

Year Ending December 31	Det	ctuarilly termined ribution <sup>(1)</sup>	i Employer ribution <sup>(1)</sup>	De	ntribution ficiency excess)	(	nsionable Covered Payroll <sup>(2)</sup>	Actual contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2008	\$	5,528	\$ 6,338	\$	(809)	\$	97,501	6.5%
2009		7,094	8,147		(1,053)		125,334	6.5%
2010		8,080	9,230		(1,150)		142,001	6.5%
2011		9,361	11,416		(2,055)		175,626	6.5%
2012		9,557	11,923		(2,366)		183,427	6.5%
2013		10,053	12,688		(2,635)		195,199	6.5%
2014		10,043	13,978		(3,935)		215,051	6.5%
2015		10,050	15,086		(5,036)		232,101	6.5%
2016		9,643	15,140		(5,497)		232,926	6.5%
2017		7,064	7,064		-		258,738	2.7%
2018		8,592	8,592		-		295,262	2.9%

<sup>(1)</sup> TCDRS calculates actuarially determined contributions on a calendar year basis. GASB Statement No. 68 indicates the employer should report employer contribution amounts on a fiscal year basis.

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, Closed
Remaining amortization period	0.0 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2018 valuation)
Asset valuation method	5 year smoothed market
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career (including inflation)
Investment rate of return	8.00%, net of investment expenses (including inflation)
Retirement age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.
Mortality	130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate Scale after 2014.
Changes in Assumptions and Methods Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions	2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected. 2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.
Changes in Plan Provisions reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions*	2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule. 2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule. 2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017 2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

<sup>\*</sup>Only changes that affect benefits and that are effective 2015 and later are shown in the Notes to Schedule.

<sup>(2)</sup> Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.